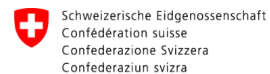


DIGITAL FINANCE

This project has received funding from the Horizon Europe research and innovation programme under the Marie Skłodowska-Curie Grant Agreement No. 101119635



State Secretariat for Education,
Research and Innovation SERI



**Funded by
the European Union**



About IRP 16 / WP3

WP3

“Towards explainable and fair AI-generated decisions”

IRP16

“Investigating the utility of classical XAI methods in financial time series”



Planned Secondments

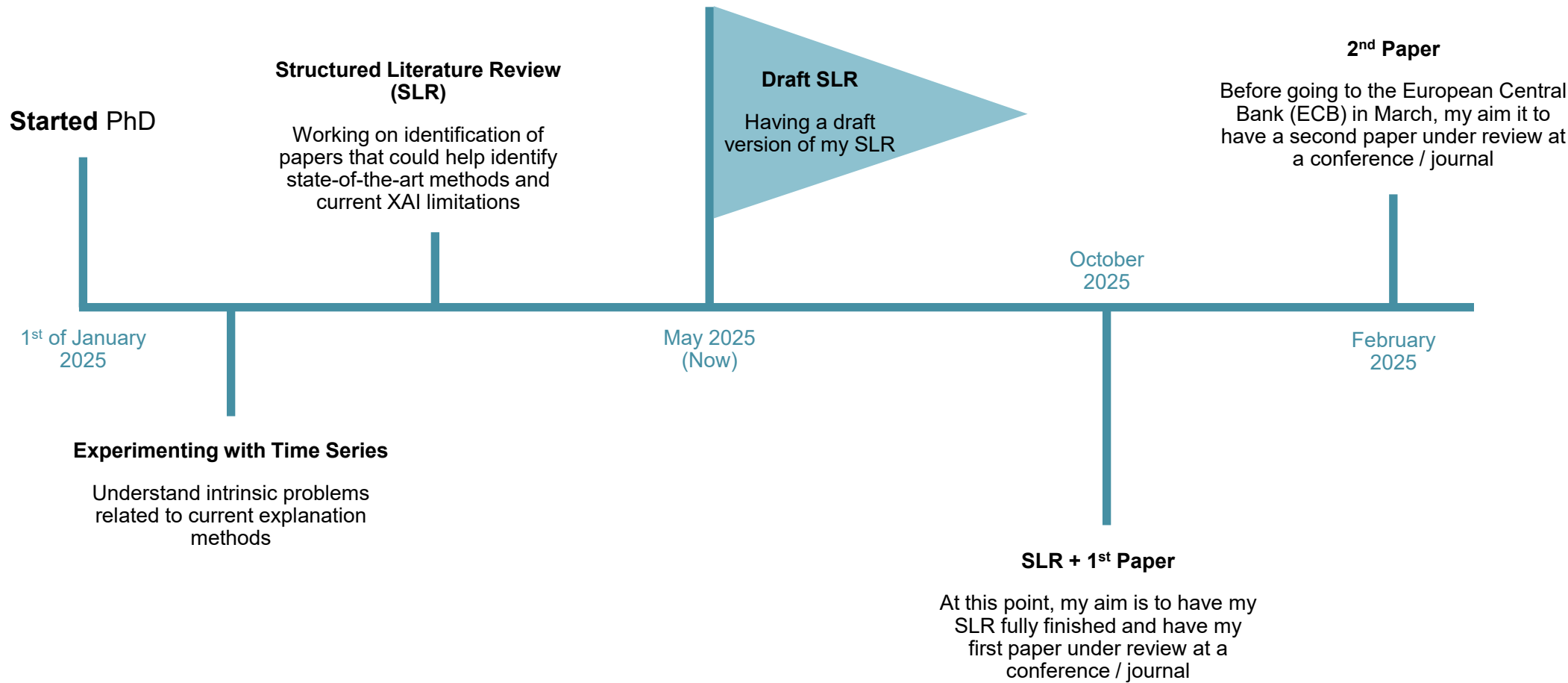


European Central Bank: Dr. Lukasz Kubicki, M27, 12 months, exposure to globally leading central bank research, training on EU principles



Fraunhofer (FRA): Prof. Dr. Ralf Korn, M39, 6 months

Timeline




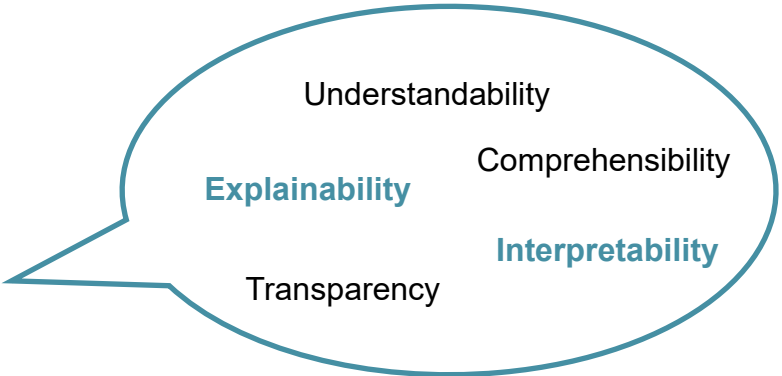
Definitions

XAI Explainable Artificial Intelligence

Papers Interchangeable misuse of terminology in the literature between explainability and interpretability

Explainable Artificial Intelligence (XAI): Concepts, taxonomies, opportunities and challenges toward responsible AI

Alejandro Barredo Arrieta^a, Natalia Díaz-Rodríguez^b, Javier Del Ser^{a c d}  ,
Adrien Bennetot^{b e f}, Siham Tabik^g, Alberto Barbado^h, Salvador Garcia^g, Sergio Gil-Lopez^a,
Daniel Molina^g, Richard Benjamins^h, Raja Chatila^f, Francisco Herrera^g



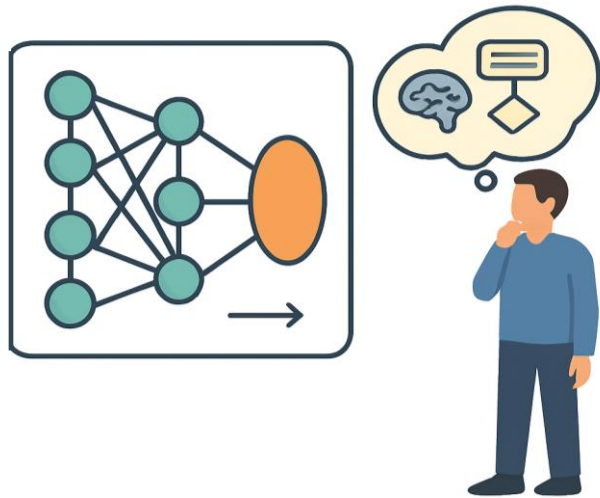
Definitions

Explainability

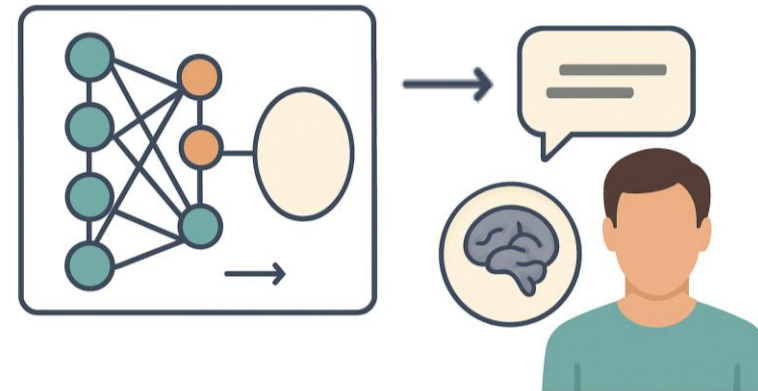
An active characteristic of a model, denoting any action or procedure taken by a model with the intent of clarifying or detailing its internal functions

Interpretability

Refers to a passive characteristic of a model referring to the level at which a given model makes sense for a human observer



Interpretability

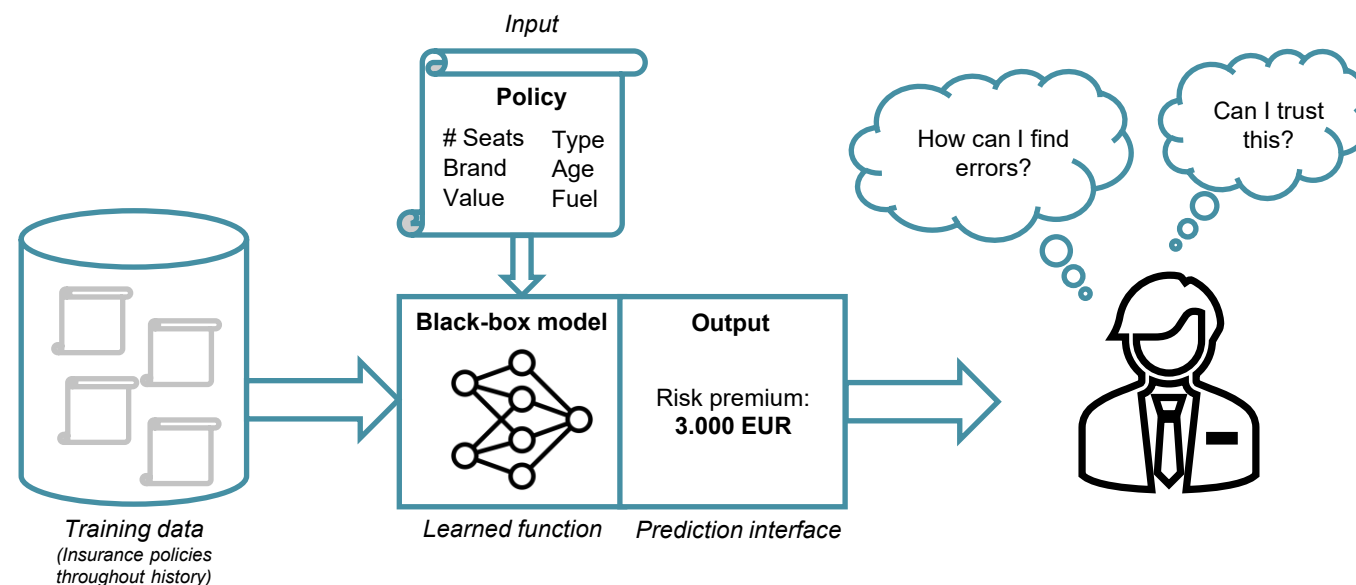


Explainability

What is XAI and why does it matter?

XAI Explainable Artificial Intelligence

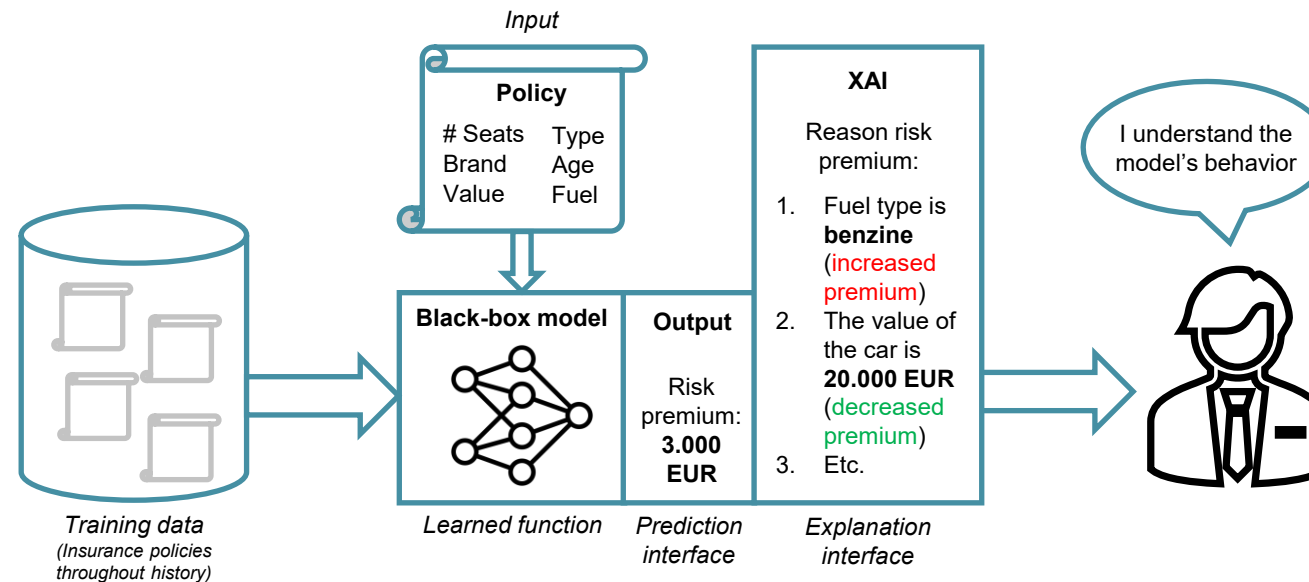
Why? XAI is critical because black-box models dominate, but understanding "why" matters more than ever



What is XAI and why does it matter?

XAI Explainable Artificial Intelligence

Why? XAI is critical because black-box models dominate, but understanding "why" matters more than ever




The rise of XAI


Growth

The field of XAI is a fast-growing research field

Citations

XAI has rapidly gained momentum with methods like SHAP and LIME. Thousands of citations highlight the growing impact on interpretability research





 arXiv
<https://arxiv.org> › cs

⋮

A Unified Approach to Interpreting Model Predictions

door S Lundberg · 2017 · Geciteerd door 34448 — We present a unified framework for interpreting predictions, **SHAP** (SHapley Additive exPlanations). SHAP assigns each feature an importance value f...

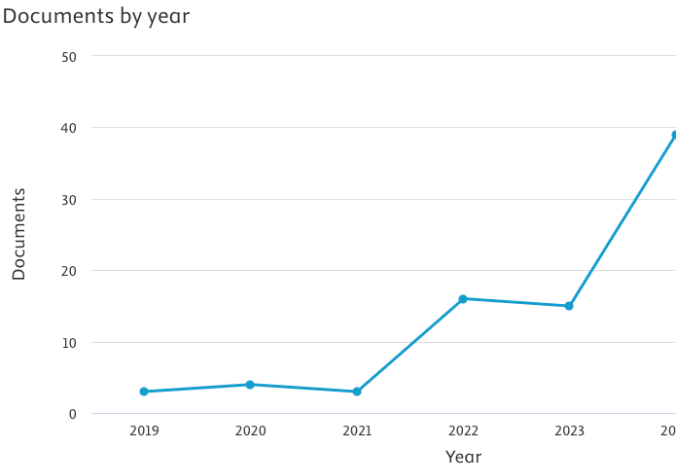


 arXiv
<https://arxiv.org> › cs

⋮

"Why Should I Trust You?": Explaining the Predictions of ...

door MT Ribeiro · 2016 · Geciteerd door 23338 — In this work, we propose **LIME**, a novel explanation technique that explains the predictions of any classifier in an interpretable and faithful manner.



Scopus analysis on the article distribution of articles describing financial forecasting, ML, and XAI

Why this SLR is needed

Reason

No recent SLR focused on temporal data focusing on all fields next to financial data, focusing on limitations. Relevant for finding areas of improvement within the explainability domain for temporal data

Goal

Need clarity on what makes an XAI method suitable for time-dependent contexts and address new advancements in literature over the last year and before

A Survey of Explainable Artificial Intelligence (XAI) in Financial Time Series Forecasting

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Jean-Marc Patenaude

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"We limited our search to papers published between 2018 and June 2023."

Documents by year

Year	Documents
2019	3
2020	4
2021	3
2022	16
2023	15
20	40

Scopus analysis on the article distribution of articles describing financial forecasting, ML, and XAI

(2018; July 5, 2024)

9

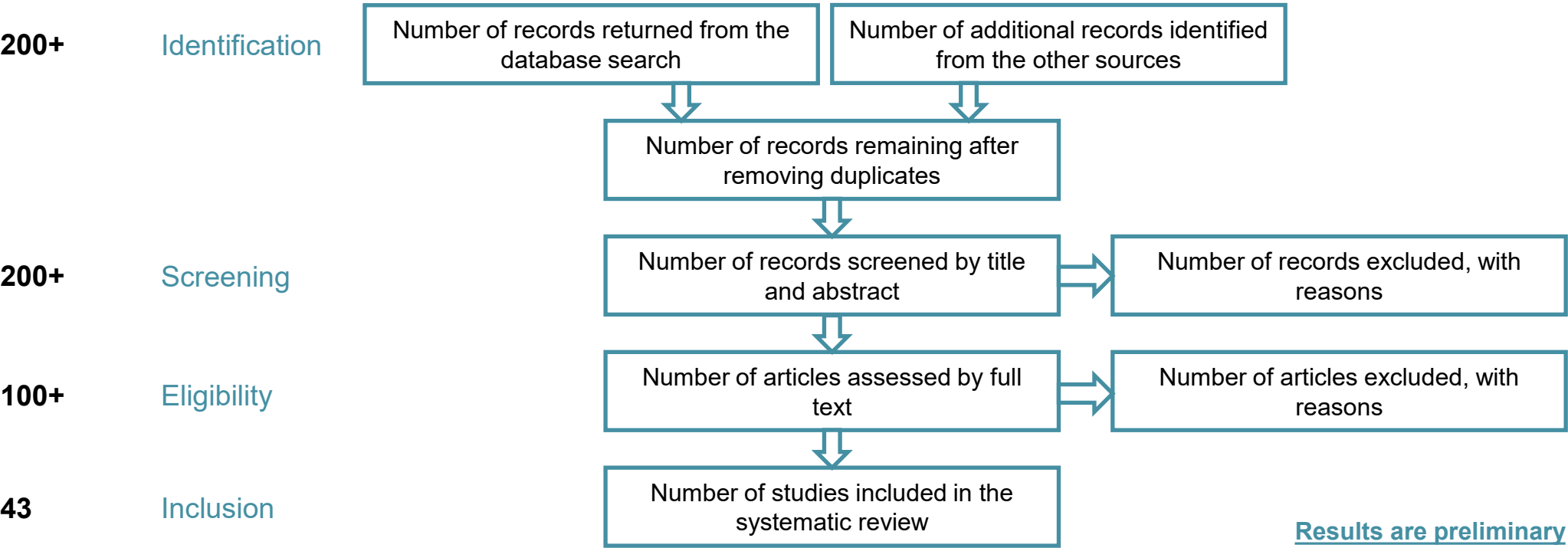
SLR overview

How?

Papers reviewed are selected based on connections with the field of temporal data, ML, and XAI

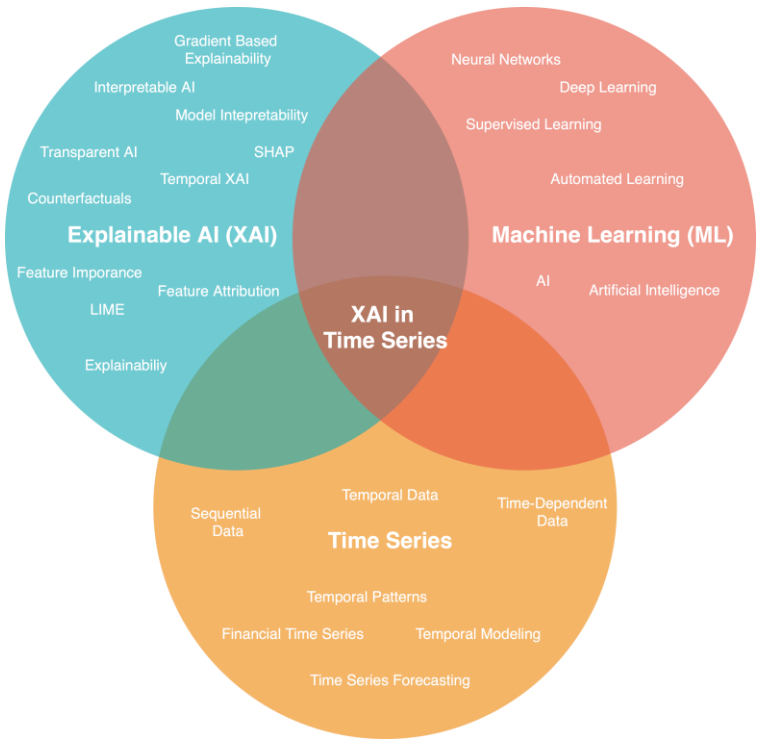
Method

PRISMA

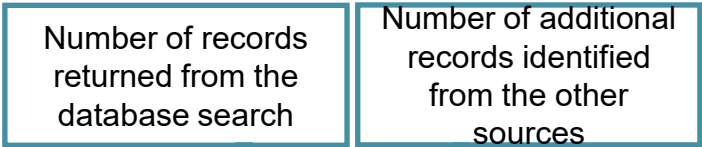


Assessing all fields (SLR)

All This is the first part of the SLR, where all fields (e.g., robotics, healthcare, finance, etc.) were all considered within the domain. Used to give impression of XAI innovation within all fields



Identification
100+

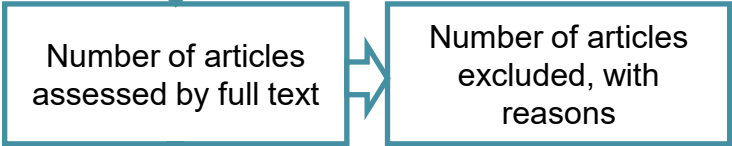


Number of records remaining after removing duplicates

Screening
100+



Eligibility
74

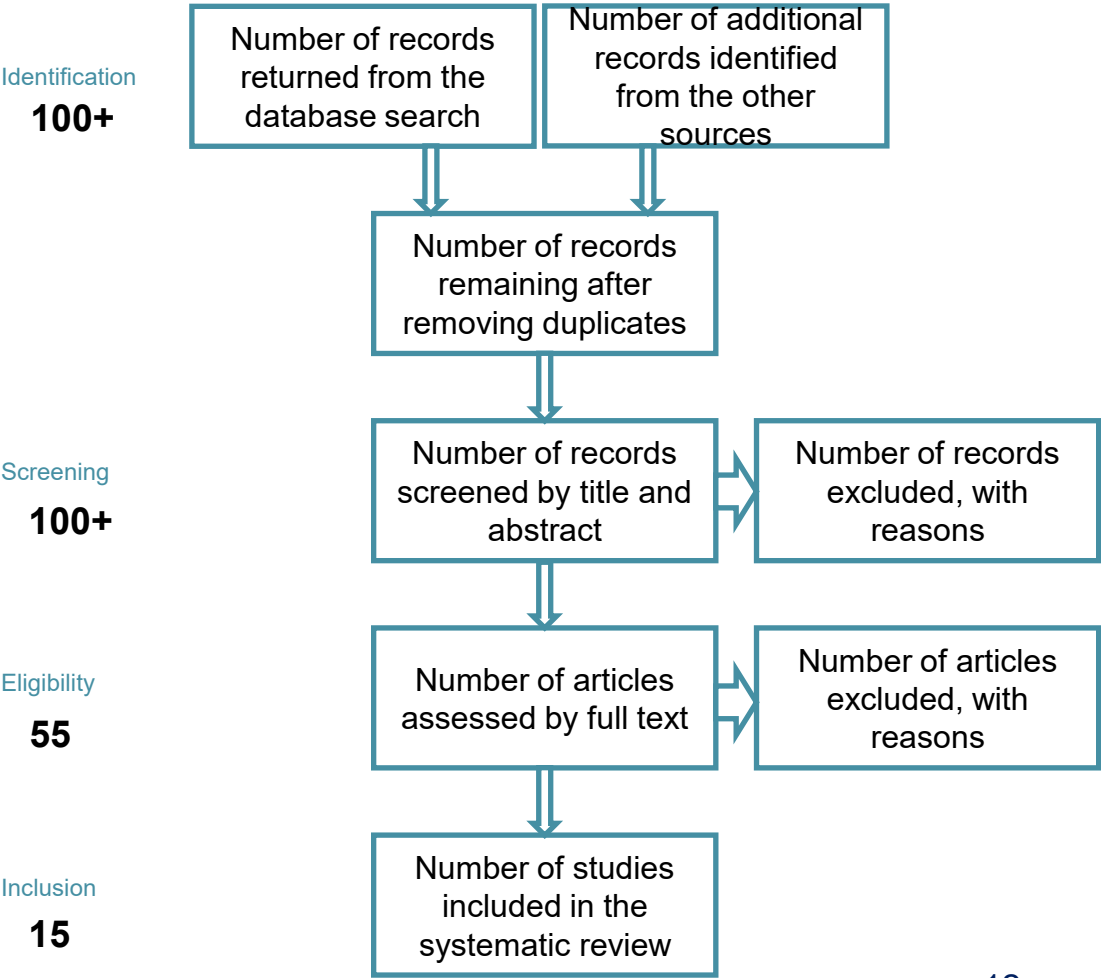
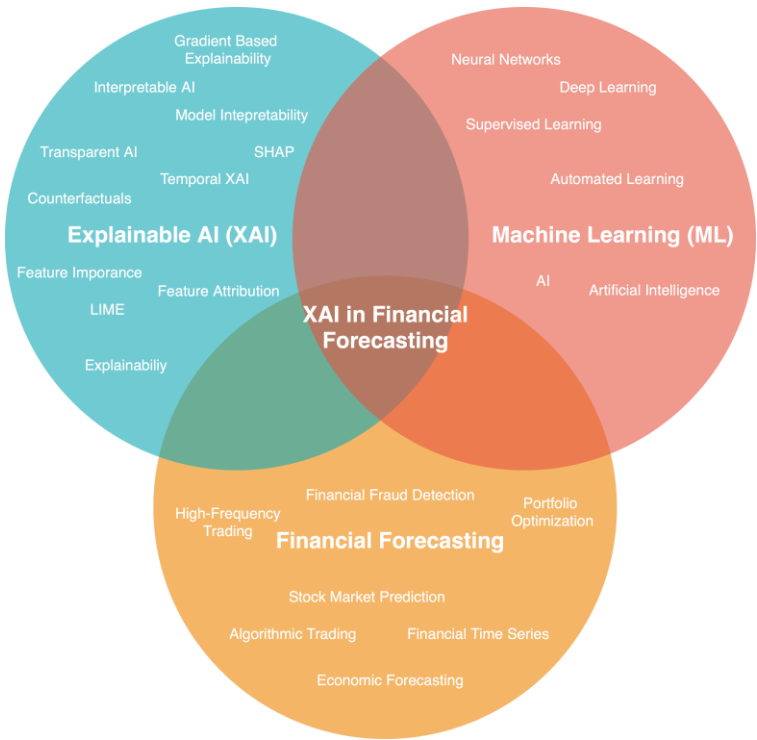


Inclusion
39

Number of studies included in the systematic review

Assessing the financial field (SLR)

Finance This is the second part of the SLR, where only the financial field is considered. Used to give impression of XAI innovation within the financial domain



XAI	Various techniques are identified. However, despite growing diversity in methods due to decoupling of methods in literature, SHAP & LIME still dominate
Insight	Gradient- and attention-based methods are emerging for temporal data, integrated gradients and attention models show promise but are underused



How do current papers integrate XAI?

Insight Papers in the financial time series domain are mostly application-based, meaning these papers just apply existing XAI algorithms (like SHAP, LIME, etc.) to their produced algorithm and make their models “explainable”

But These authors don’t assess whether their XAI algorithms are showing the reality within the black-box as they just assume the XAI algorithm is correct

1

Proposal of time series forecasting algorithm that outperforms a certain benchmark

2

To ensure “explainability”, XAI algorithms are added in the paper as an additional application

3

Based on this combination, various insights are retrieved and stated in the results and conclusion sections

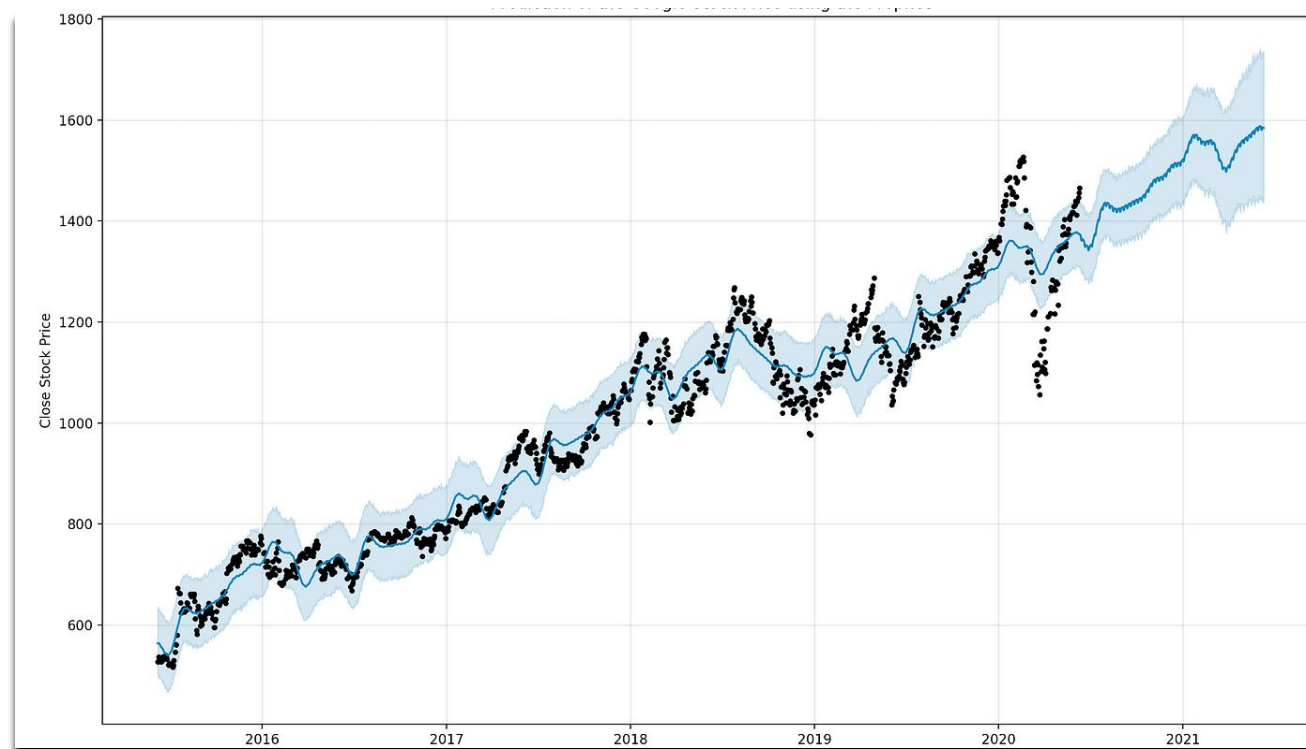


There is no investigation conducted into the suitability of the XAI algorithm for the specific task

Why further research into XAI is needed

Finding XAI methods are growing but the problem of explainability is not yet solved

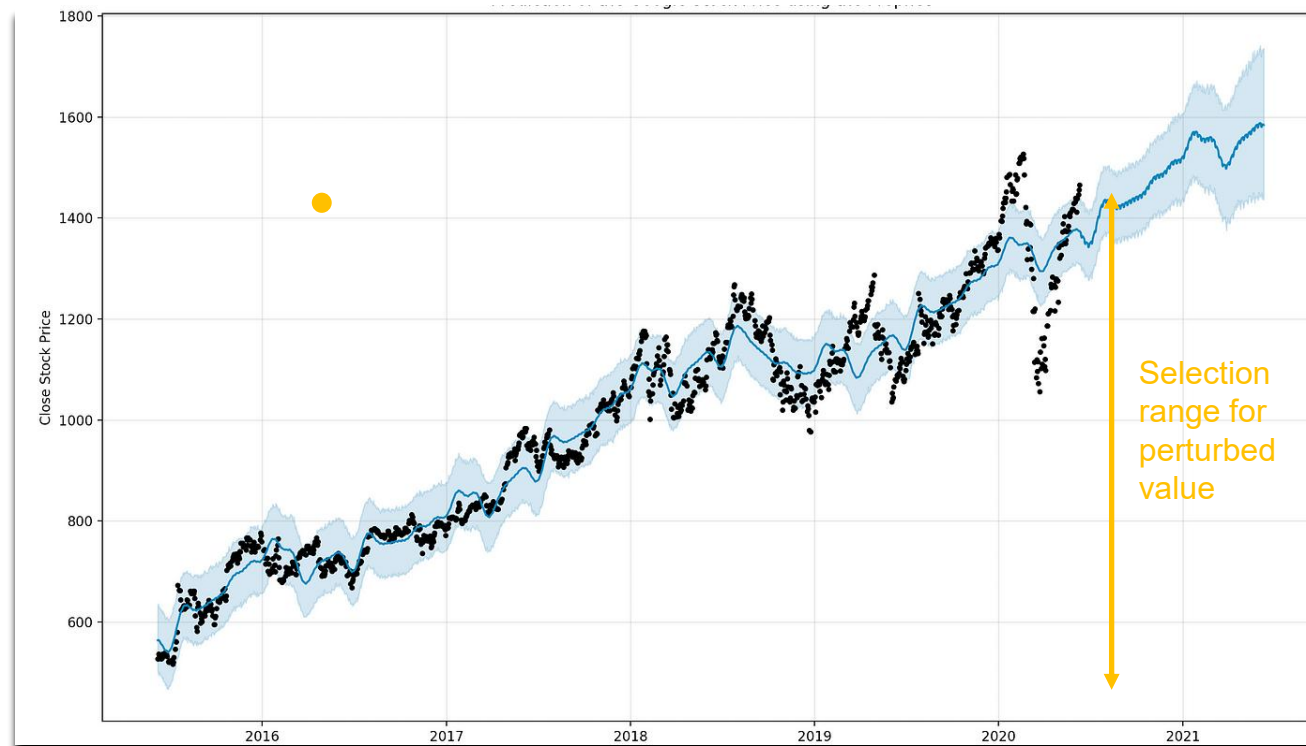
Status Most studies use SHAP & LIME, which are perturbation-based methods. Growing amount of work that uncovers limitations of state-of-art (perturbation-based) XAI methods when applied to temporal data



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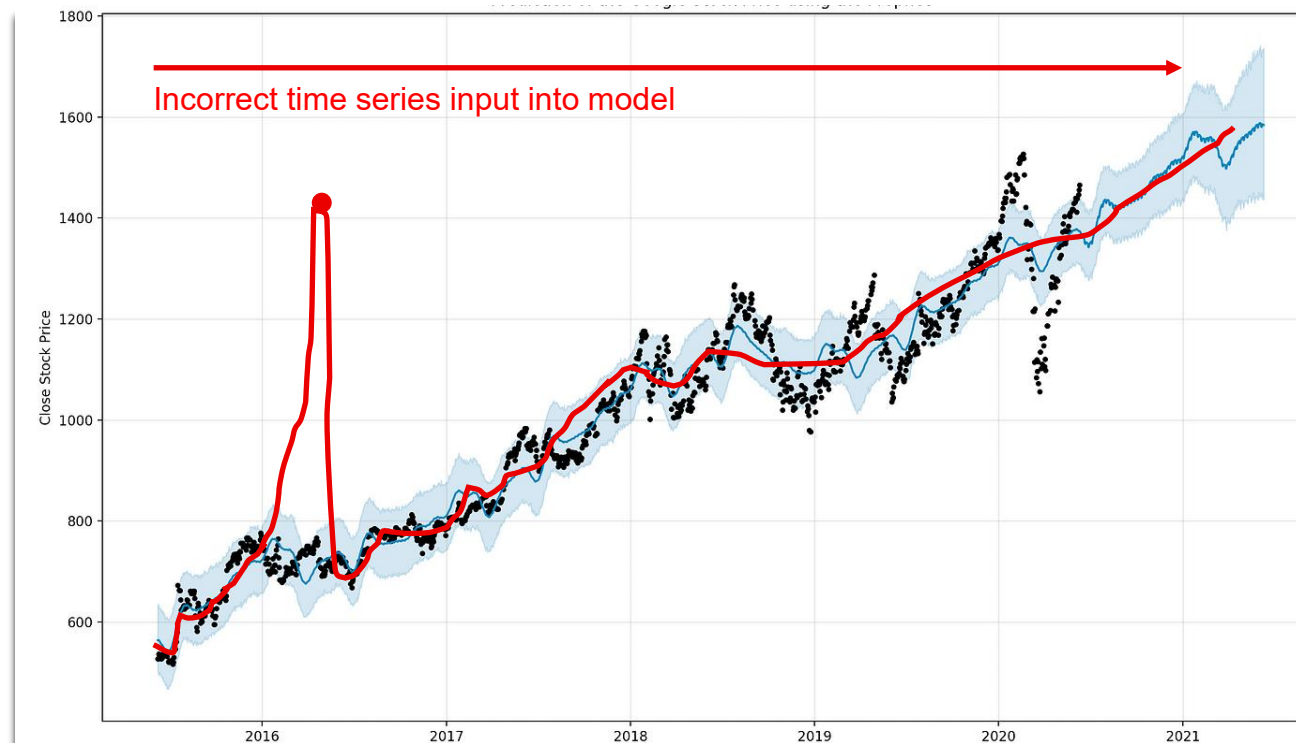
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Towards tailored XAI for finance

Identify Time dependencies are broken when data is randomly perturbed. Generating synthetic samples that distort sequence structure creates inconsistent explanations

Improve A future XAI solution should address or avoid the weaknesses within current XAI methods

Identified limitations



Explanations often fail to capture dependencies between features or long-term patterns in the data



Different configurations of XAI methods yield non-comparable or contradictory results



Explanation reliability: small model changes can cause large shifts in outputs

A temporal XAI method should include



Temporal awareness, maintain sequence information



Consistency in explanations, stable and repeatable explanations



Human-centered explanations, explain with clarity for stakeholders

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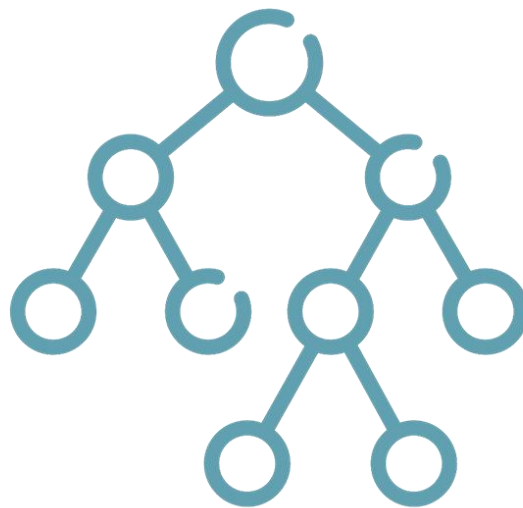
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Consistency in explanations, stable and repeatable explanations



Human-centered explanations, explain with clarity for stakeholders



DIGITAL



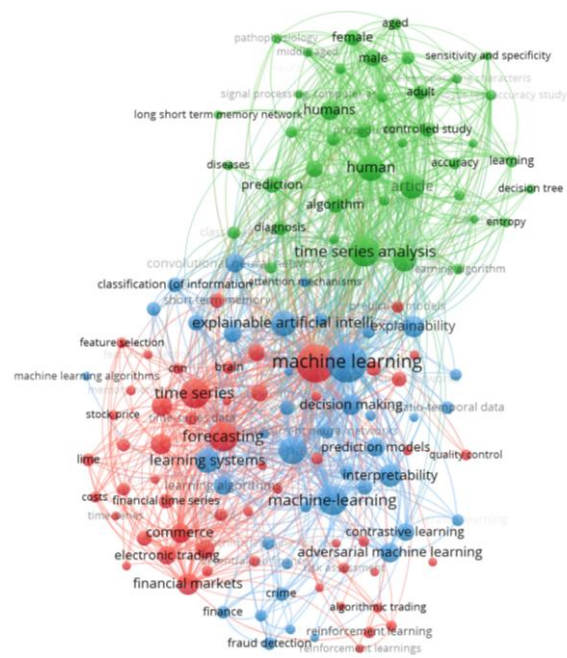
**Funded by
the European Union**

Funded by the European Union. Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or Horizon Europe: Marie Skłodowska-Curie Actions. Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them.

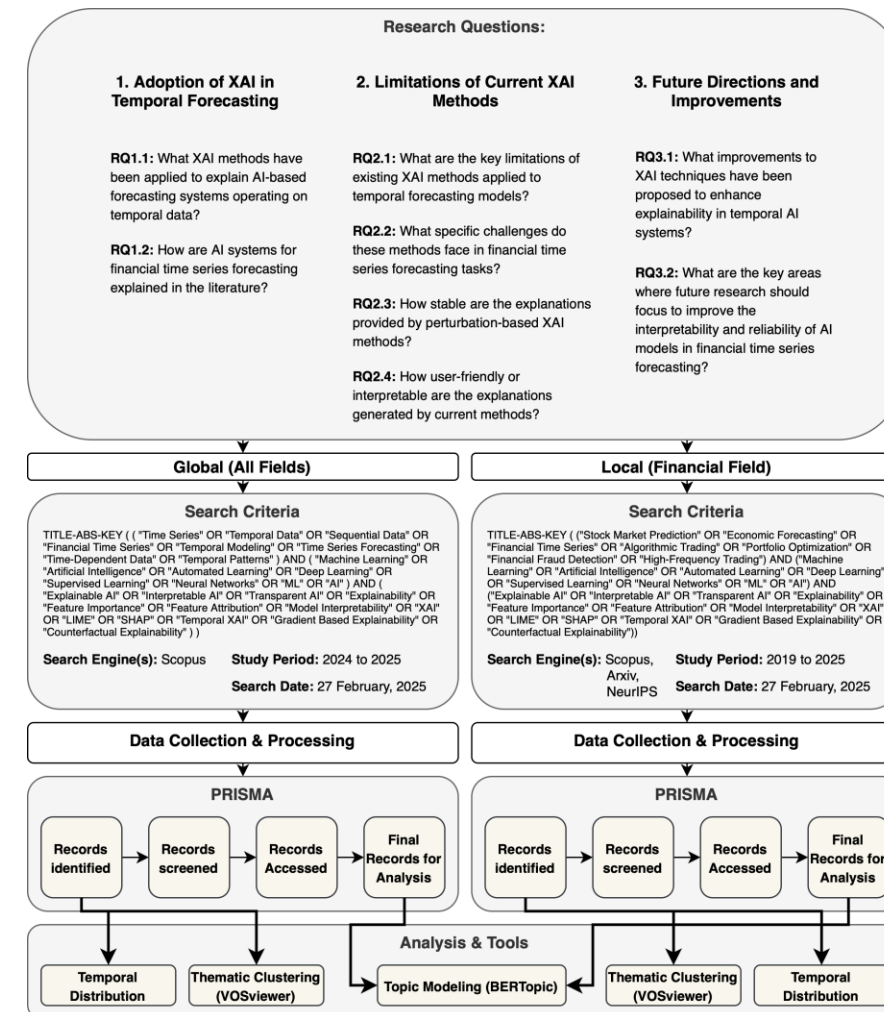
This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon Europe research and innovation programme under the Marie Skłodowska-Curie grant agreement No. 101119635²⁴

SLR The total overview of the SLR is depicted on the right

RQs The research questions associated with the SLR are depicted and divided into three topics



Network
Visualization
(VOSviewer)



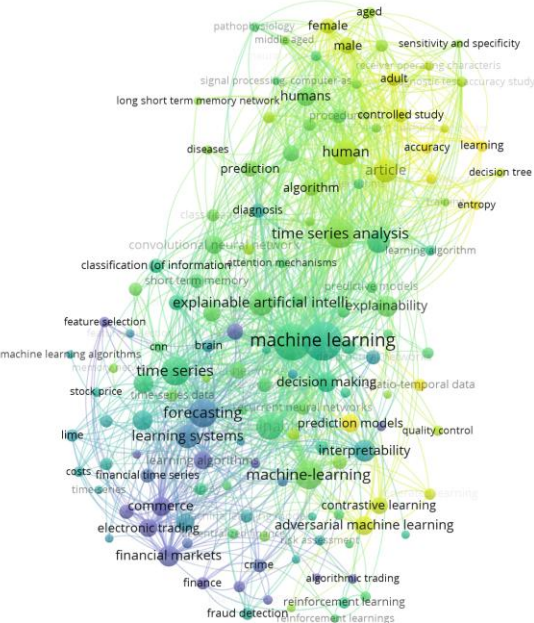
Appendix: SLR approach

SLR

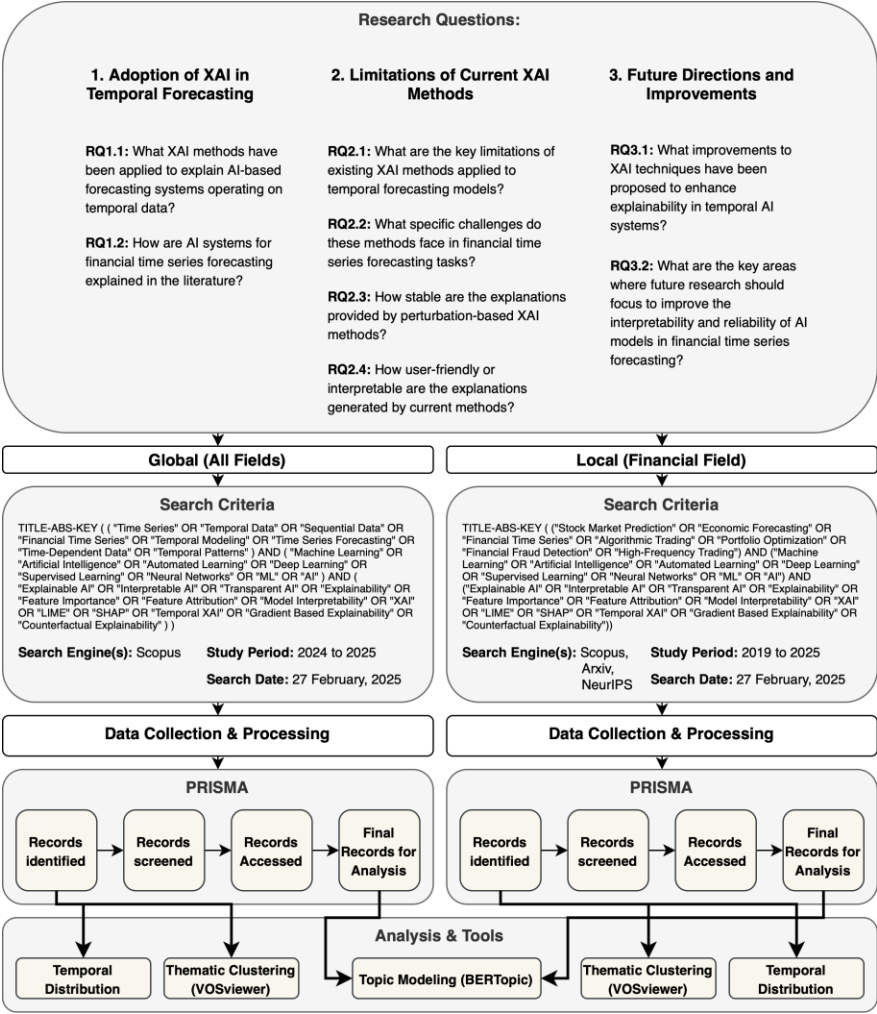
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Overlay Visualization (VOSviewer)



SLR

RQs

The research questions associated with the SLR are depicted and divided into three topics



1. Adoption of XAI in Temporal Forecasting

RQ1.2: How are AI systems for financial time series forecasting explained in the literature?

2. Limitations of Current XAI Methods

RQ2.2: What specific challenges do these methods face in financial time series forecasting tasks?

RQ2.3: How stable are the explanations provided by perturbation-based XAI methods?

RQ2.4: How user-friendly or interpretable are the explanations generated by current methods?

3. Future Directions and Improvements

RQ3.2: What are the key areas where future research should focus to improve the interpretability and reliability of AI models in financial time series forecasting?

